



# Decarbonization through district cooling

Advantages, Challenges, and Decarbonization Efforts





What is District Cooling?

Advantages of district cooling

What are the challenges faced in district cooling industry?

How District Cooling is Helping Communities in Energy Transition?

Decarbonizing the District Cooling Supply Chain

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Established in 2003, Emicool is A joint venture between Dubai Investments & Actis- UK based sustainability investment firm. Emicool is a strategic player among top-tier district cooling service providers in the region.



District cooling is an innovative and efficient system that provides chilled water from a central source to multiple buildings through a network of underground pipes. It is primarily used for air conditioning purposes, ensuring a consistent and reliable cooling solution for urban areas.

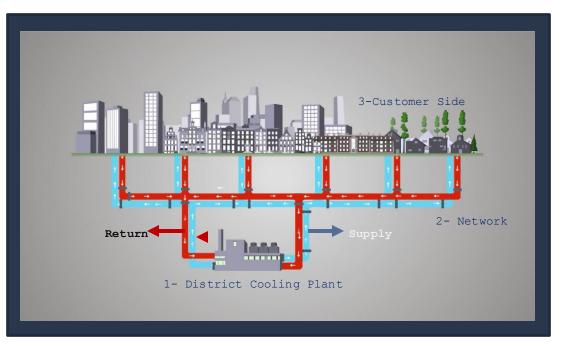
**Energy Efficiency**: This centralized approach allows for significant energy savings compared to individual air conditioning units.



### It consists from 3 main parts:

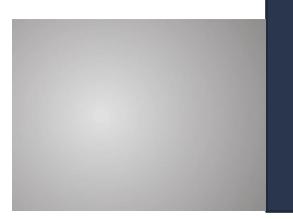
- 1. District Cooling Plant- Centralized Production: Chilled water is produced at a central plant using large-scale, high-efficiency chillers.
- 2. Distribution Network: The chilled water is then distributed through a network of insulated pipes to multiple buildings.

### 3. Customer Side



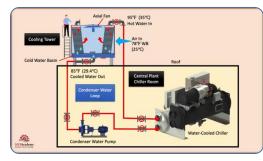


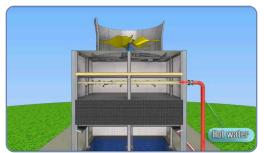
- Heat Rejection Through **Cooling Towers**
- Can use Potable Water, Polished TSE, Direct TSE

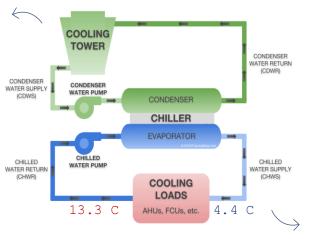


- Underground Network spread across more than 300
  KMs
- Branches out to Various Facilities
- Connected Through Energy Transfer Station
   (direct/indirect connection)

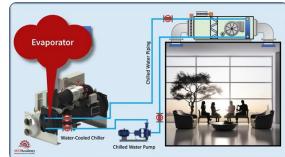
#### **Reject Heat**



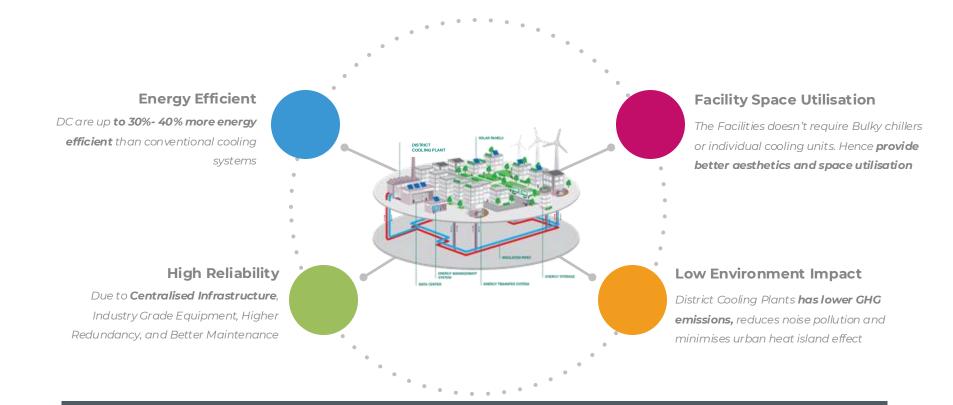




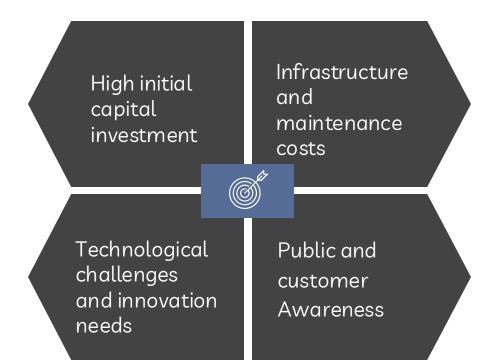
### **Absorb Heat**



## **02 Advantage of District Cooling**



## **03 Challenges in the District Cooling Industry**



### 04 How District Cooling is Helping Communities in Energy Transition



### Reduces Carbon Footprint

40-60% reduction in CO2 emissions



### Enhances Energy Efficiency

Integrates renewable energy (up to 30%), reducing fossil fuel dependence



### Promotes Urban Sustainability

Mitigates urban heat island effect, improves energy efficiency, and ensures reliable cooling during peak demand



### **Offers Cost Savings**

10-25% lower operational costs for building owners due to centralized systems



### Scalable and Adaptable

Meets growing urban cooling needs, adaptable for new developments

### 05 Decarbonizing the District Cooling Supply Chain

A- Energy Effeciency Retrofits

### **B- Energy Management Information System**

### C- Integration of Solar and Renewable

### 05 Decarbonizing the District Cooling Supply Chain

### **A- Energy Effeciency Retrofits**

### Plant Energy Efficiency:



The less KW and IG Used to produced 1 TR chilled water the better the efficiency

**Energy Retrofit** is the process of making improvement to existing systems or building to enhance Energy Efficiency and reduce Energy consumption.

### **A- Energy Retrofit**

### **Energy Retrofit Measures Examples**

**a.** Upgrading equipment: Replacing or upgrading chillers, pumps, and cooling towers with more advanced technology can significantly improve system performance.

**b.** Insulation and leak reduction: Enhancing insulation in pipes and ducts, as well as addressing leaks, helps minimize energy losses and improve overall system efficiency.

c. Variable Speed Drives (VSDs): Implementing VSDs on pumps and fans to adjust the speed according to demand, reducing energy consumption.

**d.** Integration with renewable energy sources: Integrate renewable energy sources, such as solar or geothermal, to supplement or replace traditional energy sources, further reducing environmental impact.

## A- Energy Retrofit

## Case Study - Underground Chilled Water Leak Detection System



**Optical Fiber Breakthrough:** Utilizes advanced optical fiber cable technology.

**Precision Detection:** Accurately identifies chilled water leaks within 5 meters.

**Timely Response:** Provides quick detection within minutes of a leak, preventing prolonged losses.



**Financial Impact:** Averts monetary losses to the District Cooling Company.

**Environmental Conservation:** Reduces negative environmental impact by preventing undetected leaks



**Definition**: EMIS is a software-based tool designed to monitor, analyze, and optimize the energy performance of district cooling systems.

### **Key-Features:**



**Real-Time Monitoring** 

Continuously tracks energy usage, cooling demand, and system performance.



Data Analytics Utilizes advanced analytics to identify inefficiencies and optimize energy consumption.



Energy Reporting Generates detailed reports on energy consumption, cost savings, and environmental impact.



Predictive Maintenance Predicts potential system failures and schedules maintenance to prevent downtime.

### A Glimpse of Data Points in District Cooling

#### **Plant Operation:**

- Cooling Capacity (in tons or megawatts)
- Energy Consumption (kWh or megajoules)
- Coefficient of Performance (COP)
- Maintenance Downtime (hours)
- Water Usage (cubic meters)

#### **Customers:**

- Number of Connected Customers
- Peak Cooling Demand (in tons or megawatts)
- Customer Satisfaction Score
- Complaints per Month
- Average Contract Duration (year

#### Supply Chain:

- Coolant Supply Reliability (% uptime)
- Inventory of Spare Parts (quantity and types)
- Lead Time for Coolant Procurement (days)
- Supplier Performance Metrics
- Cost of Coolant per Unit (currency per ton)

#### Facilities it Caters to:

- Types of Buildings Served (residential, commercial, industrial)
- Total Square Footage of Served Buildings
- Cooling Requirements for Different Facility Types
- New Customer Acquisition Rate
- Facility Expansion Projects in Progress

#### Weather and Climate:

- Average Daily Temperature (in Celsius or Fahrenheit)
- Humidity Levels (%)
- Seasonal Cooling Degree Days
- Extreme Weather Events (heatwaves, cold snaps)
- Climate Change Impact Assessment

#### Underground Network:

- Length of Piping Infrastructure (kilometers)
- Pipe Leakage Rate (%)
- Pipe Maintenance Frequency (months)
- Insulation Effectiveness (thermal conductivity)
- Pumping Energy Consumption (kWh)

#### Demand:

- Peak Demand Time Distribution (hours of the day)
- Load Forecast Accuracy (% variance)
- Demand Response Participation Rate (%)
- Planned Outages for Maintenance (frequency and duration)
- Customer Churn Rate



### **B-EMIS**

**Key Benefits** 







#### **Improved Efficiency**

Enhances operational efficiency by optimizing cooling production and distribution

### **Cost Savings**

Reduces energy costs through better management and optimization of resources

#### Sustainability

Supports sustainability goals by lowering greenhouse gas emissions and energy waste.

#### Enhanced Decision Making Provides actionable

insights for better decisionmaking and strategic planning.

### **C- Renewable Energy and Solar**

Solar projects implementation in plants adds to EMICOOL sustainability profile as well as it helps in compensating energy consumption in plants by subtracting it from energy produced using green energy generation.







## Conclusion

Since EMICOOL is part of the value chain , decarbonizing efforts in the industry will reflect to decarbonizing the whole value chain

